

# Ethernet – základní měřicí úlohy

Praha  
16. dubna 2015

	<b>10Base2</b>	<b>10Base5</b>	<b>10BaseT</b>	<b>10BaseF</b>
<b>Media</b>	50-Ohm Coax	50-Ohm Coax	Cat 3, 4, 5 UTP, 2 pairs	Multimode Fiber (Single mode fiber)
<b>Max Segment length</b>	185 m	500 m	100 m	2,000m (10,000 m)
<b>Connector</b>	BNC	AUI	RJ45	SC/LC

	<b>100BaseTX</b>	<b>100BaseFX</b>	<b>100BaseFX</b>
<b>Media</b>	Cat 5 UTP 2 pairs	Multimode fiber	Single-mode fiber
<b>Max Seg. Len.</b>	100 m	2,000m	10,000 m
<b>Connector</b>	RJ45	SC/LC	SC/LC

	<b>1000BaseT</b>	<b>1000BaseSX</b>	<b>1000BaseLX</b>	<b>1000BaseZX</b>
<b>Media</b>	Cat 5E UTP 4 pairs	850 nm 62.5 or 50 µm Multimode fiber	1310 nm 50 µm Multimode Or 9 µm Single-mode fiber	1550 nm Single-mode fiber
<b>Max Seg. length</b>	100 m	500 m (50 µm) 220 m (62.5 µm)	10 km (SM) 550m (MM)	100 km
<b>Connector</b>	RJ45	SC /LC	SC/LC	SC/LC

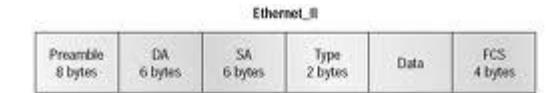
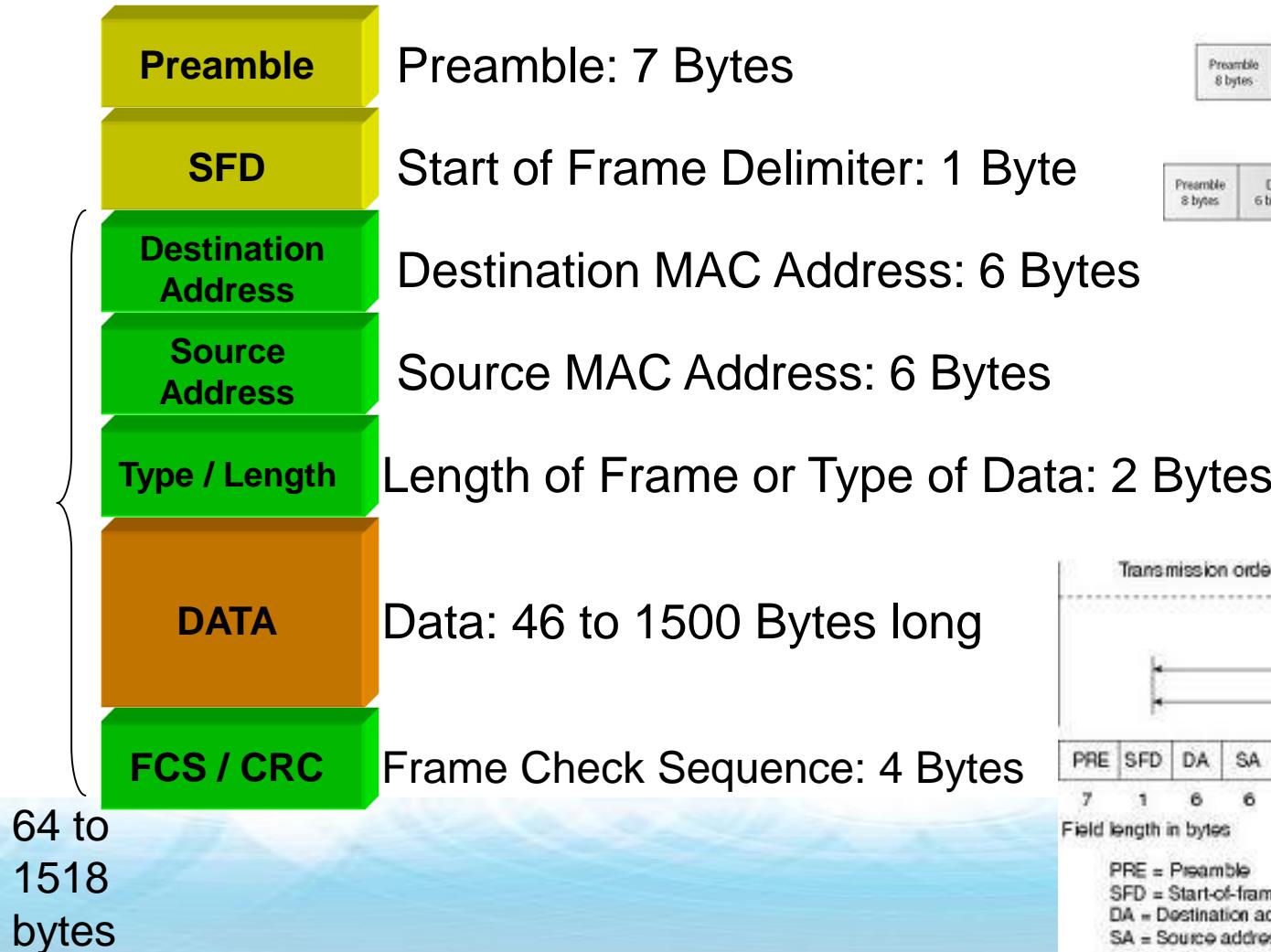
# 10G/40G/100G

	<b>10GBase-SR</b>	<b>10GBase-LR</b>	<b>10GBase-ER</b>	<b>10GBase-T</b>
<b>Media</b>	MM	SM	SM	Class E channel using category 6, Class Ea channel using 6a or 7 twisted pair
<b>Max Segment length</b>	26/82/300/400 m	10 km	40 km	55 m (Class E cat 6) 100 m (Class Ea cat 6a or 7)

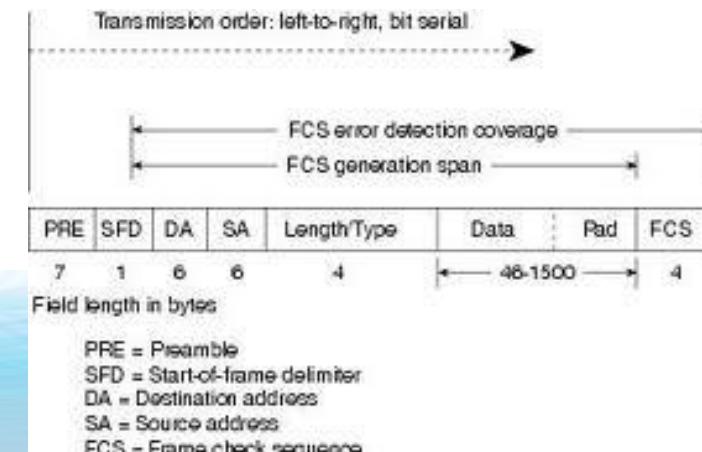
	<b>40GBase-SR4</b>	<b>40GBase-LR4</b>	<b>40GBase-ER4</b>	<b>40GBase-T</b>
<b>Media</b>	MM (OM3/OM4)	SM	SM	Cat 8
<b>Max Seg. Len.</b>	100/125 m	10 km	40 km	30m

	<b>100GBase-SR4/10</b>	<b>100GBase-LR4</b>	<b>100GBase-ER4</b>
<b>Media</b>	MM 850 nm	SM WDM 1295.56nm, 1300.05nm, 1304.59nm, 1309.14nm	SM WDM 1295.56nm, 1300.05nm, 1304.59nm, 1309.14nm
<b>Max Seg. Len.</b>		10 km	30-40 km

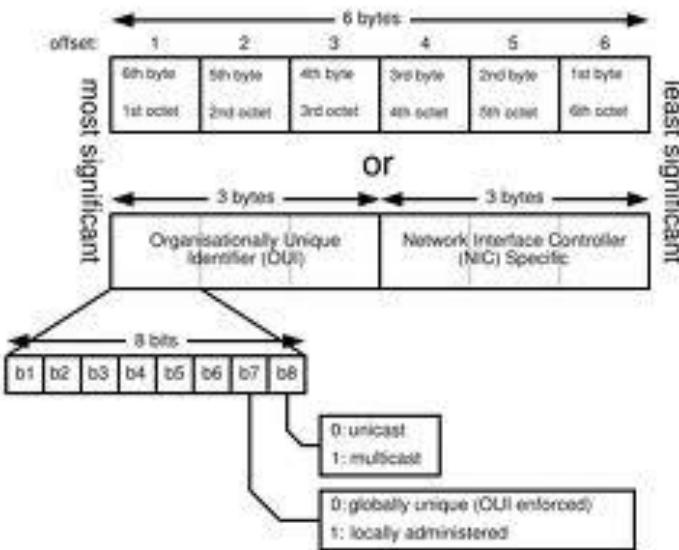
# Ethernet Frame Format



802.2 header if an 802.2 frame.  
\* Destination Service Access Point  
\*\* Source Service Access Point  
Port or Socket that points to network layer protocol. Used in 802.2 and SNAP frames



# MAC Address Format



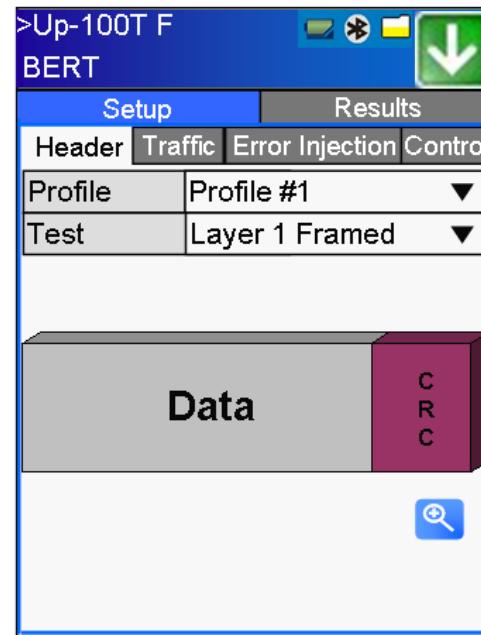
- MAC address = Unique hardware address associated with each device
- 6 Bytes long, represented in hexadecimal format

00 - 00 - 00 - FF - FF - FF

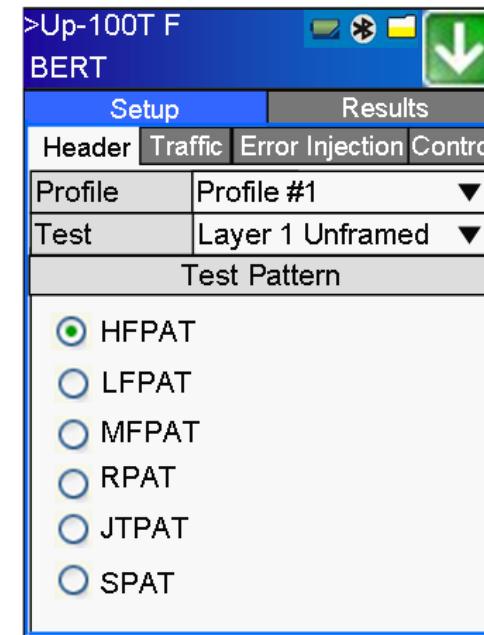
Assigned by IEEE to Vendor : 3 User Value  
Bytes

- Source MAC Address = identifies who is sending the frame
- Destination MAC Address = identifies the station that should receive the frame

## Layer 1 (Physical Layer)



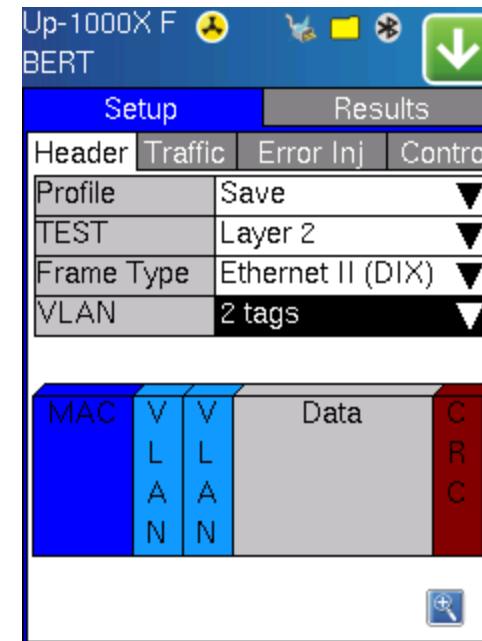
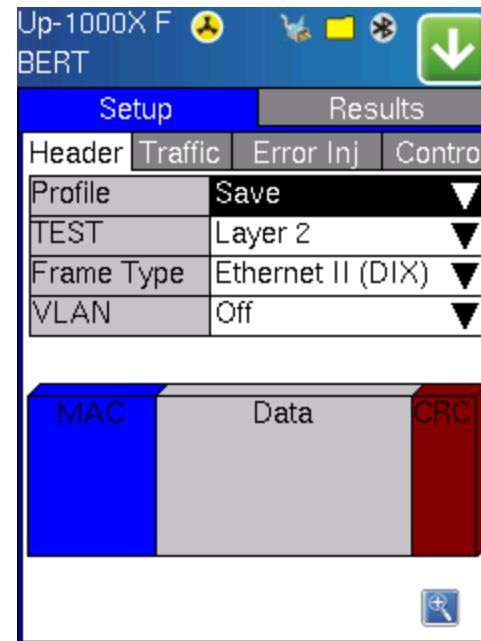
*Layer 1 Framed*



*Layer 1 Unframed*

- This is the Physical Layer. For example, the electrical/optical characteristics of the network

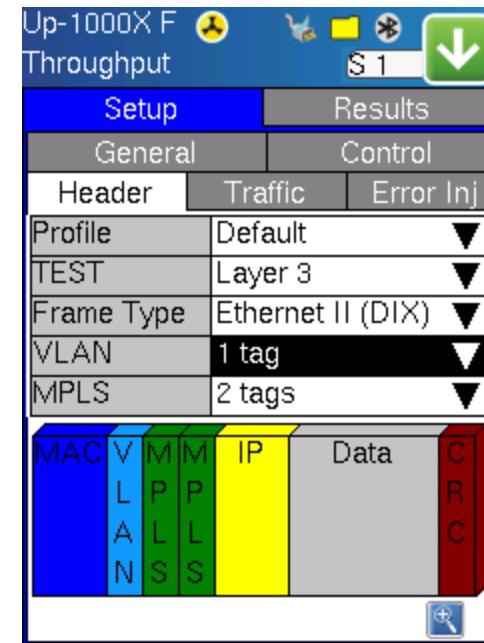
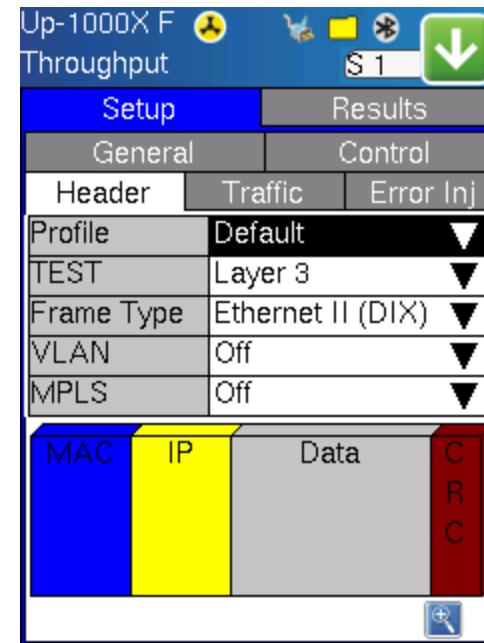
## Layer 2 (Mac Layer)



- This is known as the Data Link Layer. Protocols such as PPP, SLIP, HDLC and Ethernet/VLAN exist here.
- Pure Layer 2 Metro Ethernet networks fall in this category, e.g., Q-in-Q supported networks

# MX OSI Model (3)

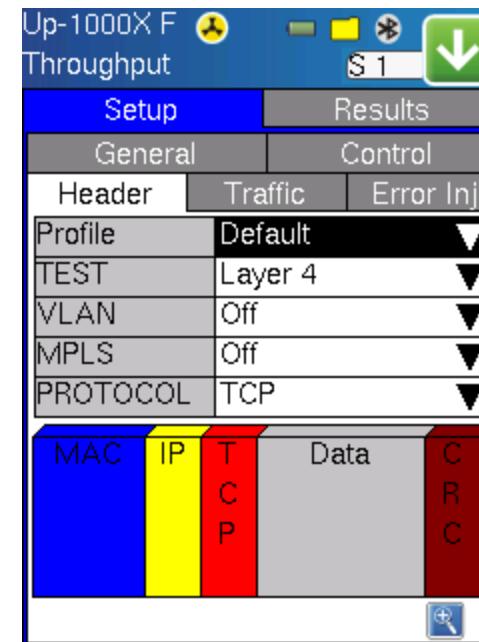
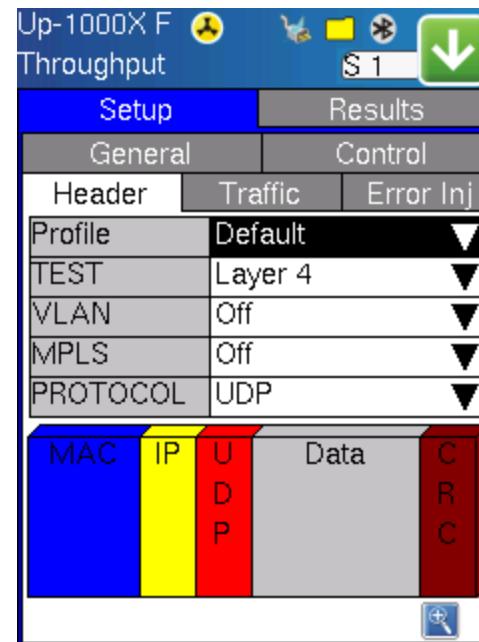
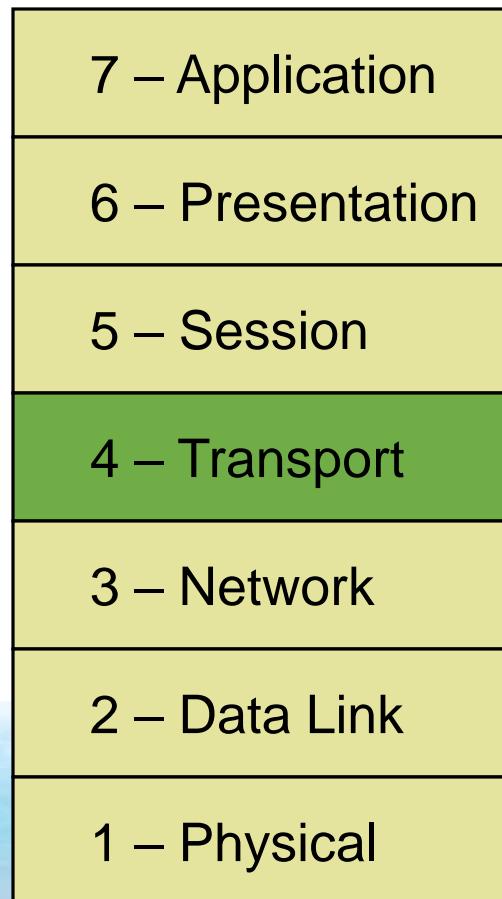
## Layer 3 (IP Layer)



- This is the Network Layer. It provides a means to establish, maintain, and terminate network connections. The IP protocol exists here.
- For IP/MPLS networks, MPLS tags are also supported.

# MX OSI Model (4)

## Layer 4 (Transport Layer)

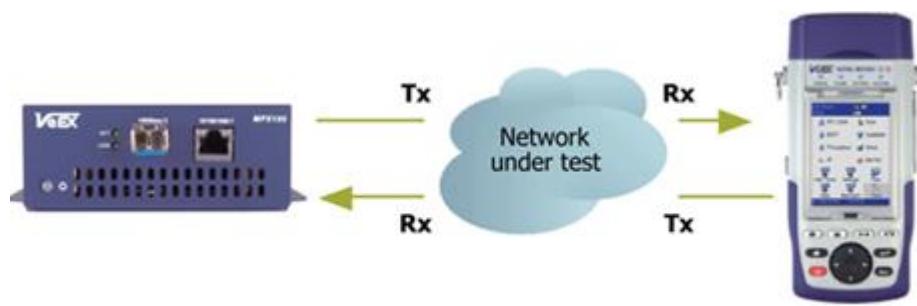


- The Transport Layer provides transparent transfer of data between end users, providing reliable data transfer services to the upper layers.
- UDP and TCP reside at this layer.

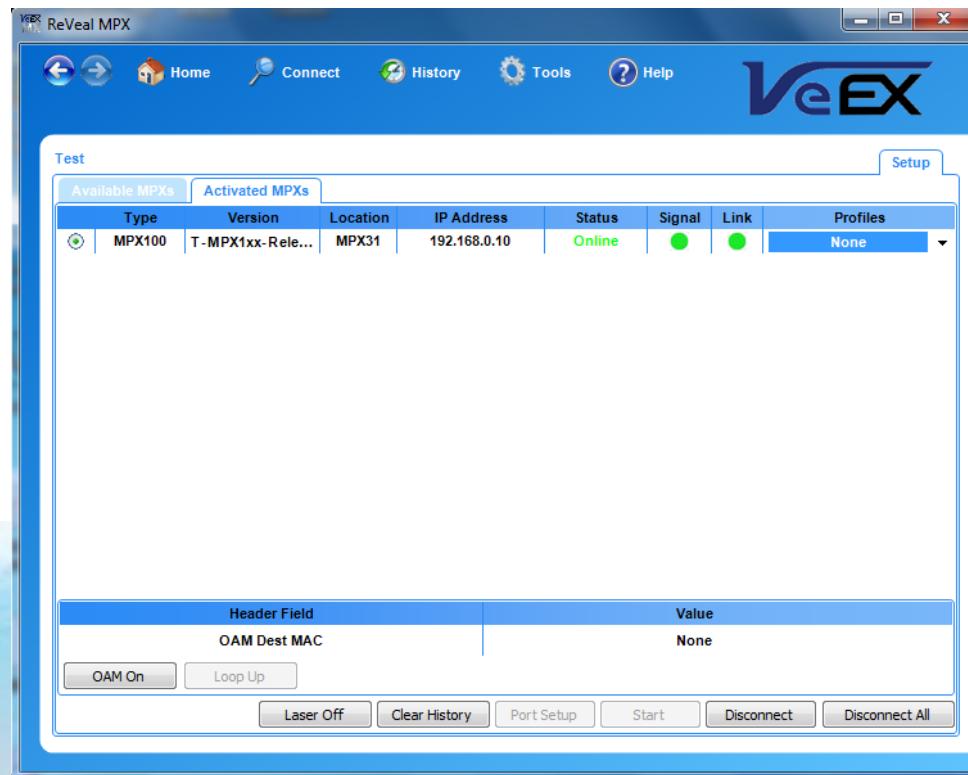
# Základní testy na Ethernetu

- BERT
- Throughput
- RFC 2544 / RFC 2544 Advance SLA
- V-SAM - Y.1564
- V-Perf (Stateful TCP – RFC 6349)

# Měření proti inteligentní smyčce



- Support Layer 1, 2, 3, and 4 loopbacks
- Configured via RS232 port or Ethernet port
- Remote responder mode with IP on test port



## X-LOOP (JDSU)

Layer 2 Loopback Control

Unicast mode

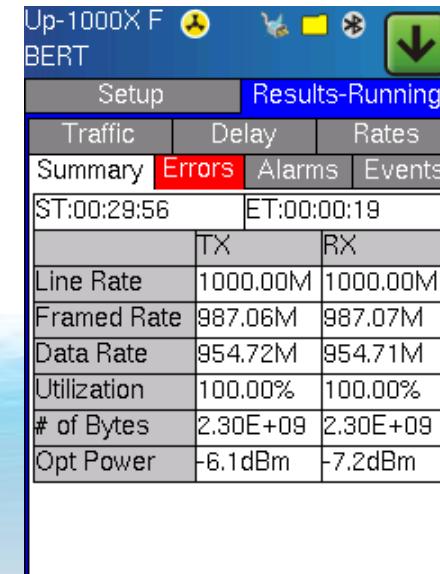
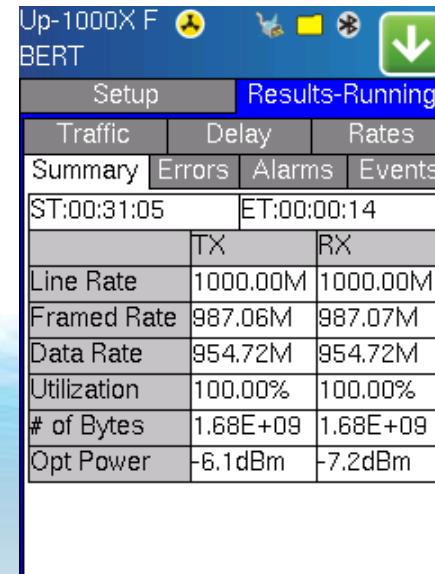
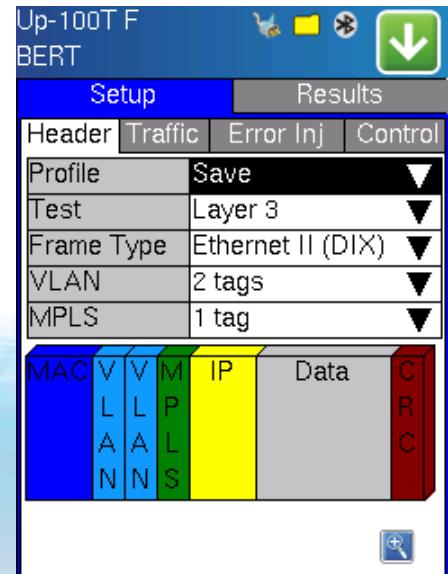
Broadcast mode

Layer 3 Loopback Control

Requires an IP in the  
Home/IP menu

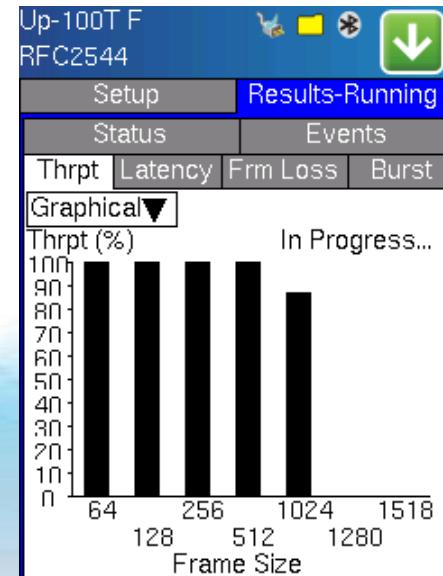
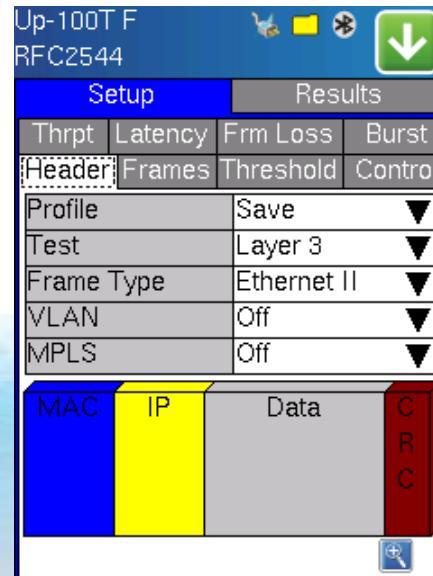


- Layer 1 Unframed, Layer 1 Framed, Layer 2/3, Layer 4 (UDP)
- VLAN and MPLS support
- Traffic Profiles: Constant, Ramp, and Burst
- Frame Sizes: 64B to 9000B
- Test Patterns: High/Low/Mixed Frequency (Layer 1 Unframed), PRBS ( $2^{31}-1$ ,  $2^{23}-1$ ,  $2^{15}-1$ ,  $2^{11}-1$ ), CRPAT, CJPAT, CSPAT, All 1s, All 0s, User defined
- Error Injection: Bit, CRC, IP checksum



- Layer 2 and Layer 3
- Frame Sizes: 64B, 128B, 256B, 512B, 1024B, 1280B, 1518B, and two user defined sizes up to 9000B
- Thresholds: Pass/Fail indicator if enabled
- Loopback Control: Manual or Automatic. If Automatic, the loop up/down commands will be sent at the start and end of the test

- Throughput: Maximum throughput rate of the link under test
- Latency (Round Trip Delay): Total time for a frame to travel from source to destination to source
- Frame Loss: % frames not received
- Burst (Back-to-Back): Number of frames successfully transmitted/received at line rate



	Mbps	Status
64 bytes	761.90	Pass
128 bytes	864.86	Pass
256 bytes	927.54	Pass
512 bytes	962.41	Pass
1024 bytes		
1280 bytes		
1518 bytes		

- RFC2544 is still used widely to test a single Ethernet service by many operators and service providers.
- Eventually adopted by the industry as a de-facto standard to test Ethernet services. Still widely used, but now being replaced by Y.1564

# Multiple Streams (1)

- Layer 2, Layer 3, and Layer 4 throughput testing
- Up to 8 independently configured streams: % of bandwidth, frame size, traffic profile, and header per stream
- Same configuration parameters as in BERT
- Multiple stream testing is needed for end-to-end multi-services performance testing
- Also used for verifying the performance and configuration of network equipment queue processing

The figure consists of three side-by-side screenshots of the MX100+/120+ Metro Expert software interface, specifically the Throughput test configuration screen.

**Screenshot 1 (Left):** Shows the 'Setup' tab with the 'Header' section expanded. It displays the number of streams (8) and their corresponding profiles. The 'Profile' dropdown is set to 'Default'. The 'Frame Size' dropdown is set to '1518'. The 'Traffic Flow' dropdown is set to 'Constant'. The 'Const BW(%)' dropdown is set to '10.00'. Below the table, there is a diagram illustrating the frame structure with fields for MAC, VLAN, IP, Data, and CRC.

**Screenshot 2 (Middle):** Shows the 'Setup' tab with the 'General' section expanded. It displays the 'Profile' (Default), 'Test' (Layer 3), 'Frame Type' (Ethernet II), 'VLAN' (1 tag), and 'MPLS' (Off). Below the table, there is a diagram illustrating the frame structure with fields for MAC, VLAN, IP, Data, and CRC.

**Screenshot 3 (Right):** Shows the 'Setup' tab with the 'Control' section expanded. It displays the 'Frame Size' (1518), 'Traffic Flow' (Constant), and 'Const BW(%)' (10.00). Below the table, there is a diagram illustrating the frame structure with fields for MAC, VLAN, IP, Data, and CRC. At the bottom right of this screenshot is a blue button labeled 'Apply to All'.

# Multiple Streams (2)

- Received traffic presented as aggregate statistics for a quick and global view of the performance parameters
- Received traffic presented as per stream statistics for in-depth analysis of the results
- A stream summary view along with the frame size and traffic type distribution parameters give a global statistics view
- Per stream statistics like throughput rate, utilization%, frame loss, and round trip delay give the user an in-depth look of the performance for each stream transmitted/received
- for long term testing and troubleshooting, the **Multiple Streams feature**, is very helpful due to the detailed number of statistics provided per stream; frame loss, out of sequence frames, round trip delay, frame rates, frame size distribution, etc.

Up-1000X F			
Throughput			
Setup		Results-Running	
Global		Per Stream	
Traffic	Alarms	Delay	Errors
Aggregate	Stream Summary	Events	
ST:05:43:13	ET:00:00:20		
	TX	RX	
Line Rate	1000.00M	1000.00M	
Framed Rate	944.17M	944.17M	
Data Rate	826.93M	826.93M	
Utilization	100.00%	100.00%	
Total Frames	6505153	6505153	
Bad Frames	0	0	
Opt Power	-6.1dBm	-7.4dBm	

MX100+/120+ Metro Expert

Up-1000X F			
Throughput			
Setup		Results-Running	
Global		Per Stream	
Traffic	Alarms	Delay	Errors
Aggregate	Stream Summary	Events	
ST:05:43:13	ET:00:00:20		
	TX	RX	
Line Rate	1000.00M	1000.00M	
Framed Rate	944.17M	944.17M	
Data Rate	826.93M	826.93M	
Utilization	100.00%	100.00%	
Total Frames	6505153	6505153	
Bad Frames	0	0	
Opt Power	-6.1dBm	-7.4dBm	

Traffic Distribution Details

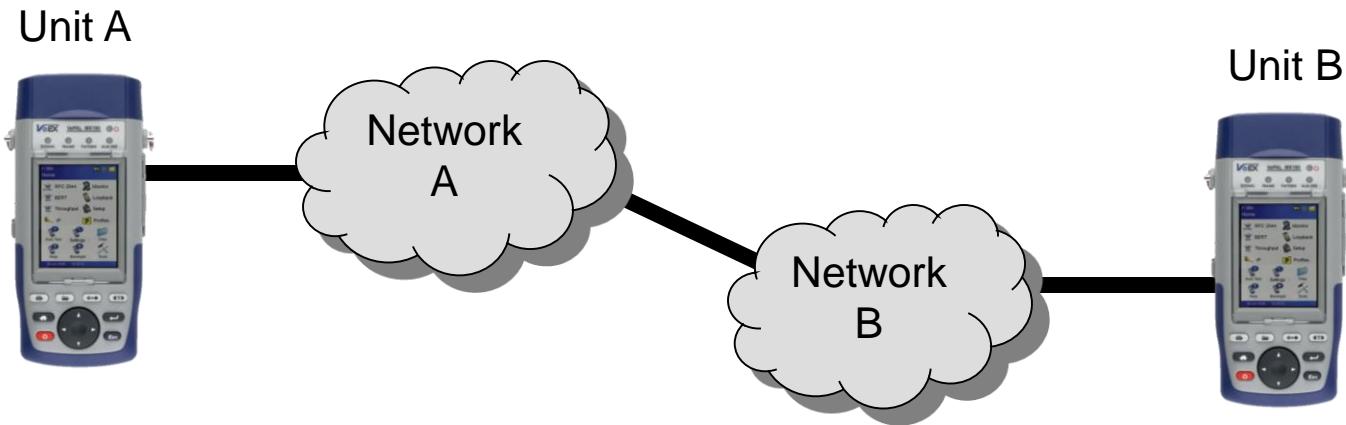
Distribution	#	%
<64B	0	0
64-127B	4230449	43
128-255B	2401065	25
256-511B	1287527	13
512-1023B	667966	7
1024-1279B	340381	3
1280-1518B	735457	8
>1518B	78793	1

OK

Up-1000X F			
Throughput			
Setup		Results-Running	
Global		Per Stream	
Traffic	Events	Delay	
Summary	Errors	Rates	
ST:05:50:40	ET:00:00:19		
	TX	RX	
Framed Rate	76.19M	76.19M	
Data Rate	30.95M	30.95M	
Utilization	10.00%	10.00%	
Total Frames	2270375	2270375	
Bad Frames	0	0	

# Routed Testing?

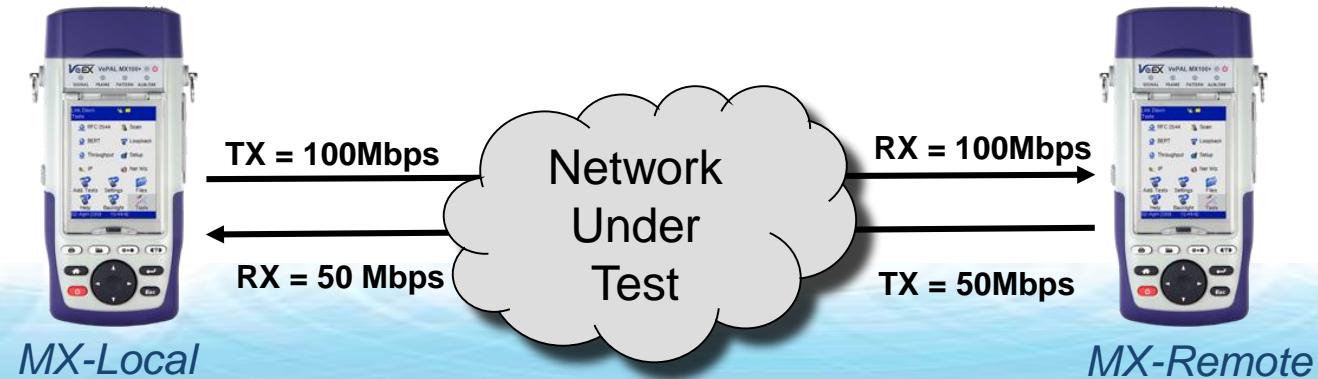
Are the units in two separate IP subnets?



- MAC Destination = Local Gateway MAC (Gateway of Network A)
- IP Destination = IP Source of Unit B
- MAC Destination = Local Gateway MAC (Gateway of Network B)
- IP Destination = IP Source of Unit A

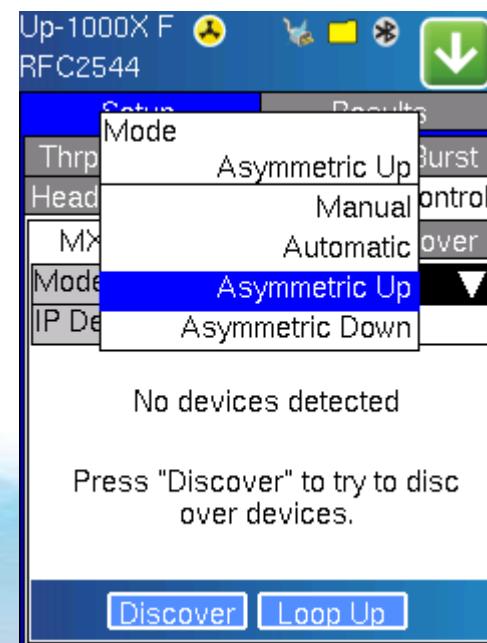
# Asymetrické RFC 2544

- Využití u tras s rozdílným Down a Up
- Nastavení z jednoho místa (blízký a vzdálený konec)  
výsledky se stahují do jednoho zařízení
- Proměření obou směrů

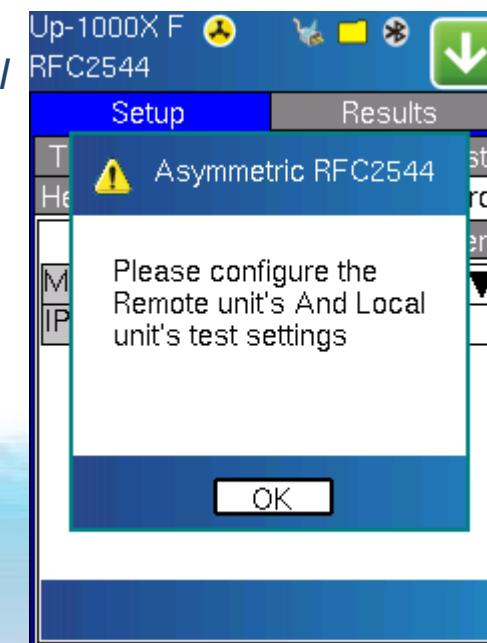


## Step 2: MX-Local Asymmetric Mode

- On MX-Local go to Home/RFC2544
- In the Control menu, select Asymmetric Up to test the Upstream (Local to Remote)
- Select Asymmetric Down to test the Downstream (Remote to Local)
- Once the direction is selected, an information box appears reminding the user to configure the Remote and Local test profiles.



MX-Local

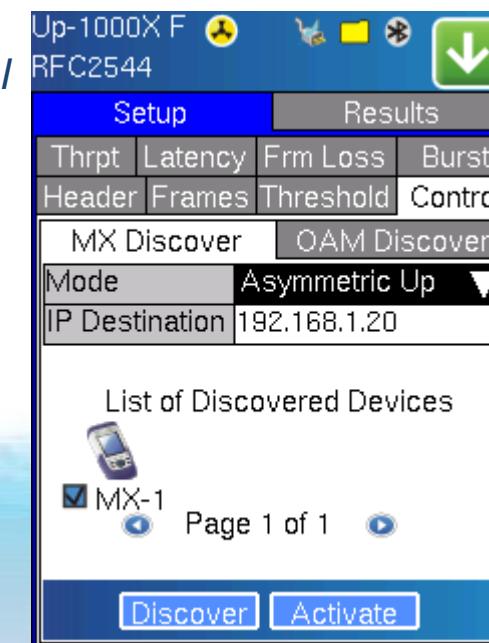


## Step 3: Discovery of MX-Remote

- If the MX-Remote is in the same IP Subnet as MX-Local, MX-Local can discover MX-Remote
- Press Discover and wait a few seconds
- Select the discovered MX (MX-Remote): when the discovered device is selected, the IP address is automatically populated in the IP Destination field above



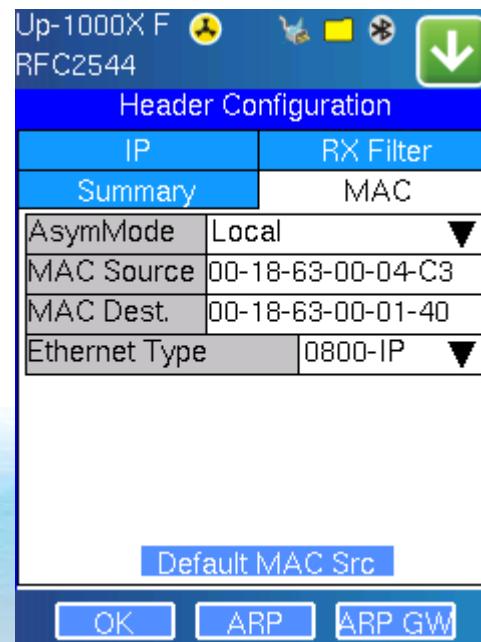
MX-Local



## Step 4: Header Configuration

- Configure the MAC Header for both MX-Local and MX-Remote
  - Note: The configuration is all done from MX-Local
- From the AsymMode pull down menu select the Local or Remote unit for configuration
- The default values for the Remote MACs are all zeros. Make sure that the correct MACs are configured.
- Remote MAC source (00-18-63-00-01-40) = Local MAC Destination
- Remote MAC Destination (00-18-63-00-04-C3) = Local MAC Source

*MX-Local*

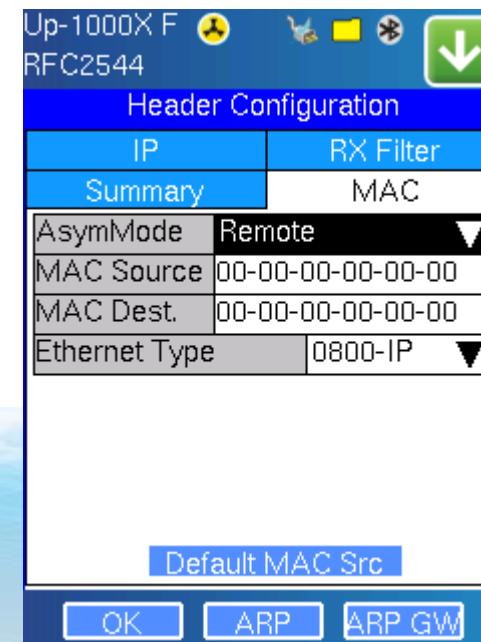


IP	RX Filter
Summary	MAC
AsymMode	Local
MAC Source	00-18-63-00-04-C3
MAC Dest.	00-18-63-00-01-40
Ethernet Type	0800-IP

Default MAC Src

OK ARP ARP GW

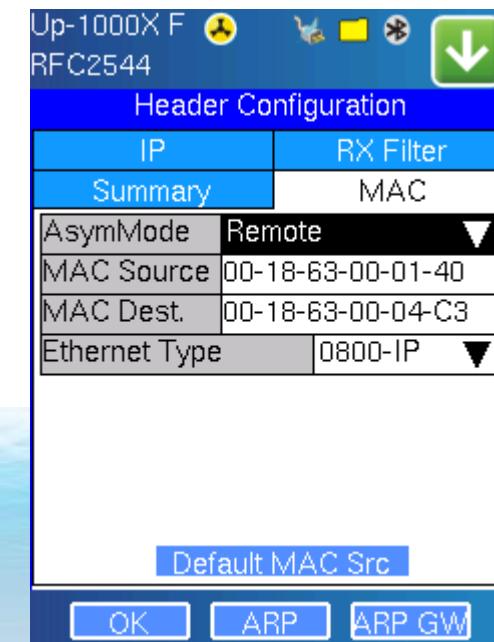
*MX-Local: Configuring MX-Remote*



IP	RX Filter
Summary	MAC
AsymMode	Remote
MAC Source	00-00-00-00-00-00
MAC Dest.	00-00-00-00-00-00
Ethernet Type	0800-IP

Default MAC Src

OK ARP ARP GW



IP	RX Filter
Summary	MAC
AsymMode	Remote
MAC Source	00-18-63-00-01-40
MAC Dest.	00-18-63-00-04-C3
Ethernet Type	0800-IP

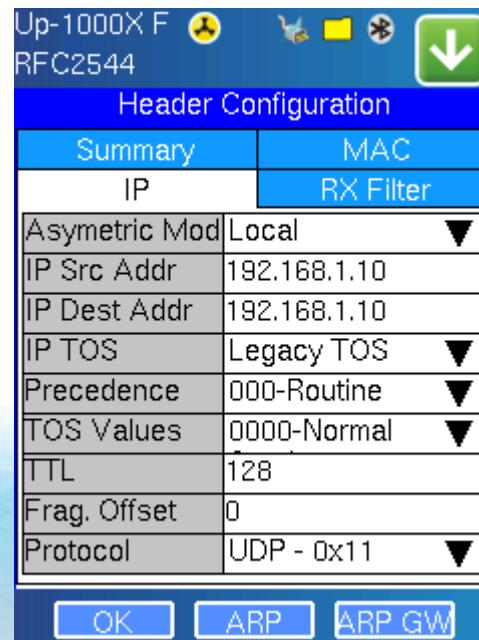
Default MAC Src

OK ARP ARP GW

## Step 5: Header Configuration (2)

- Configure the IP Header for both MX-Local and MX-Remote
  - Note: The configuration is all done from MX-Local
- From the AsymmetricMode pull down menu, select the Local or Remote unit for configuration
- The default values for the Remote IPs are all zeros. Make sure that the correct IPs are configured.
- Remote IP source (192.168.0.20) = Local IP Destination
- Remote IP Destination (192.168.0.10) = Local IP Source

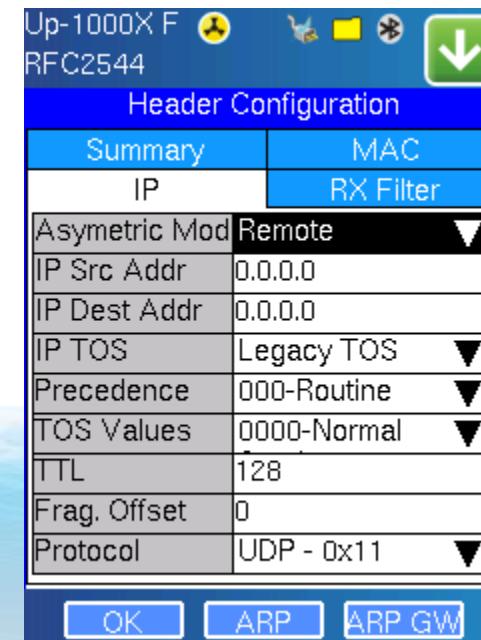
*MX-Local*



Header Configuration	
Summary	MAC
IP	RX Filter
Asymmetric Mod	Local
IP Src Addr	192.168.1.10
IP Dest Addr	192.168.1.10
IP TOS	Legacy TOS
Precedence	000-Routine
TOS Values	0000-Normal
TTL	128
Frag. Offset	0
Protocol	UDP - 0x11

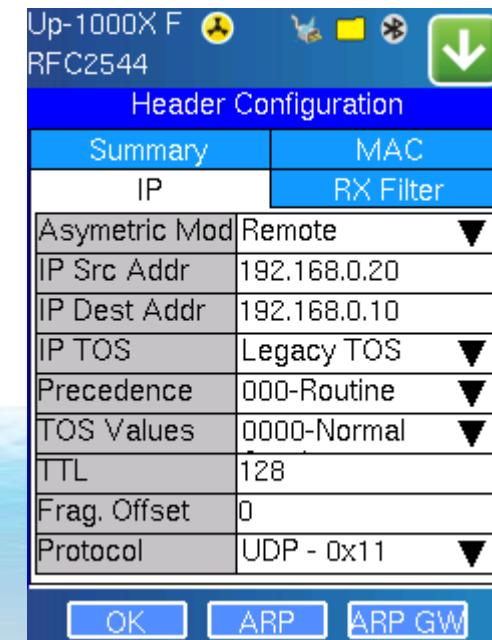
OK ARP ARP GW

*MX-Local: Configuring MX-Remote*



Header Configuration	
Summary	MAC
IP	RX Filter
Asymmetric Mod	Remote
IP Src Addr	0.0.0.0
IP Dest Addr	0.0.0.0
IP TOS	Legacy TOS
Precedence	000-Routine
TOS Values	0000-Normal
TTL	128
Frag. Offset	0
Protocol	UDP - 0x11

OK ARP ARP GW



Header Configuration	
Summary	MAC
IP	RX Filter
Asymmetric Mod	Remote
IP Src Addr	192.168.0.20
IP Dest Addr	192.168.0.10
IP TOS	Legacy TOS
Precedence	000-Routine
TOS Values	0000-Normal
TTL	128
Frag. Offset	0
Protocol	UDP - 0x11

OK ARP ARP GW

## Step 6: RFC 2544 Tests Configuration

- The configuration is the same as before.
- Select the test frames, enable/disable thresholds, and configure the Throughput, Frame Loss, and Burst tests settings
- The settings configured in the Frames, Threshold, Throughput, Frame Loss, and Burst tabs all apply to the direction that was selected in the Control tab; Asymmetric Up (Local to Remote) or Asymmetric Down (Remote to Local)
- Note: The Latency/roundtrip delay test is not available in Asymmetric Mode.

*MX-Local*

Up-1000X F  

RFC2544

Setup		Results	
Header	Frames	Threshold	Control
Thrpt	Latency	Frm Loss	Burst
MAX Rate	100.00	%	<input type="button" value="▼"/>
Resolution	1.00%		
Duration	5 seconds		

Enable Test

Up-1000X F  

RFC2544

Setup		Results	
Header	Frames	Threshold	Control
Thrpt	Latency	Frm Loss	Burst
MAX Rate	100.00	%	<input type="button" value="▼"/>
Step Size	10.00%		
Duration	5 seconds		

Enable Test

Up-1000X F  

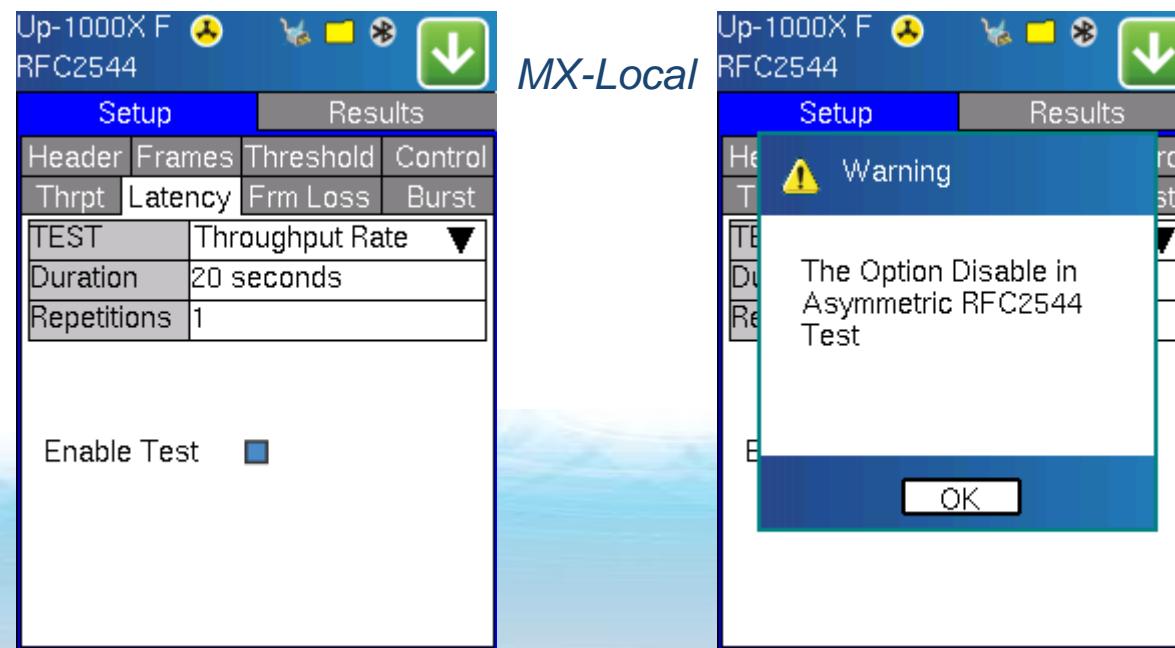
RFC2544

Setup		Results	
Header	Frames	Threshold	Control
Thrpt	Latency	Frm Loss	Burst
MAX Rate	100.00	%	<input type="button" value="▼"/>
Min Duration	2 seconds		
Max Duration	10		
Repetitions	1		

Enable Test

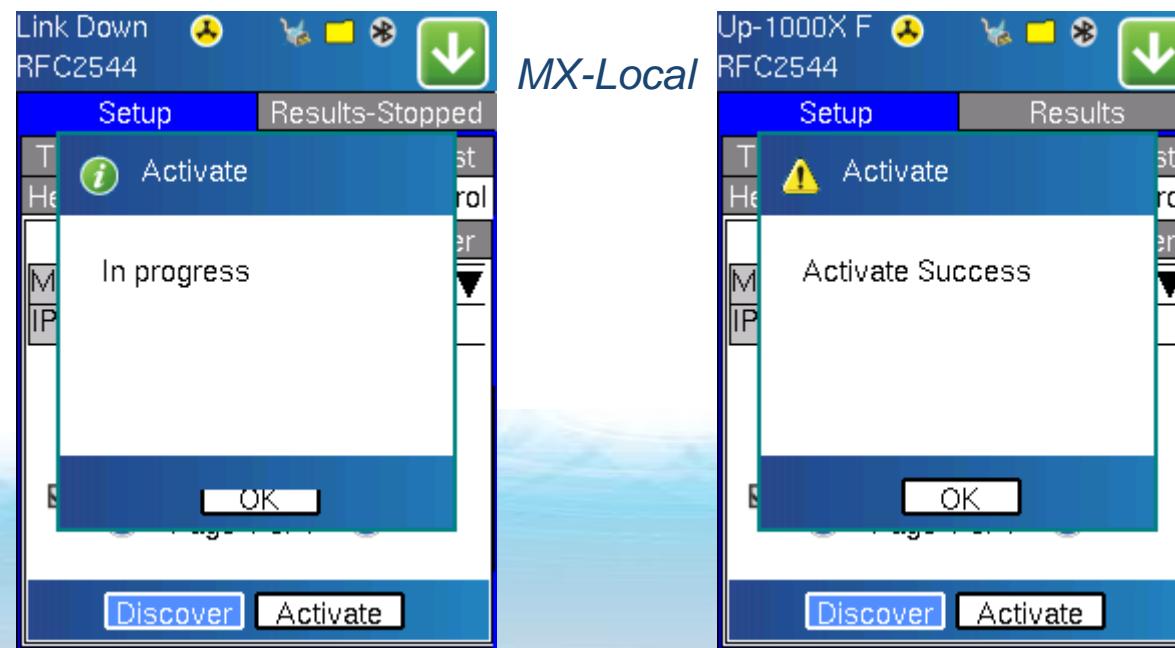
## Step 6 (continued)

- If the user tries to enable the Latency test by selecting the “Enable Test” box, the information box will appear.



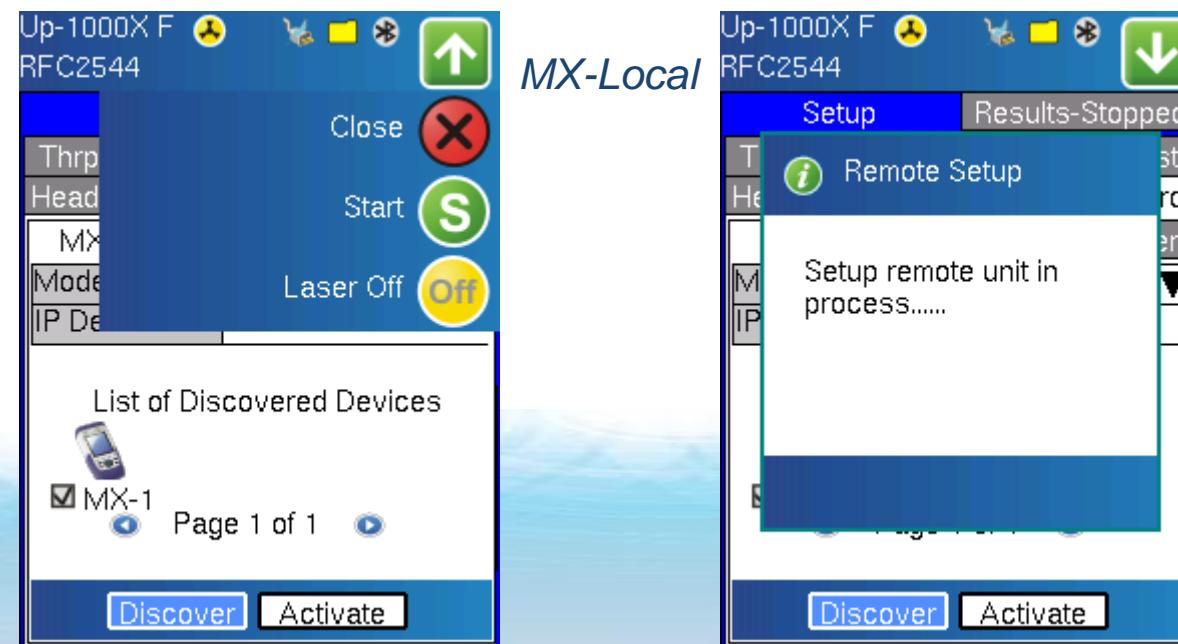
## Step 7: Activate the Remote MX

- Now that both the Local and Remote MXs have been configured properly (from the control unit, MX-Local) the user is ready to start the test.
- First the MX-Remote unit must be activated for asymmetric testing. NOTE: This is like sending a remote loopback command.
- Press the Activate button. Once the remote unit has been activated for asymmetric testing, the “Activate Success” message appears.



## Step 8: Start the Test

- Now that the remote unit has been Activated, the user can now start the test.
- Press Start from the pull down menu; the Remote settings that were configured are loaded to MX-Remote. While the remote unit is being configured, the information message appears above
- When MX-Local is done configuring MX-Remote, the RFC2544 test will start.



# Y.1564 Introduction



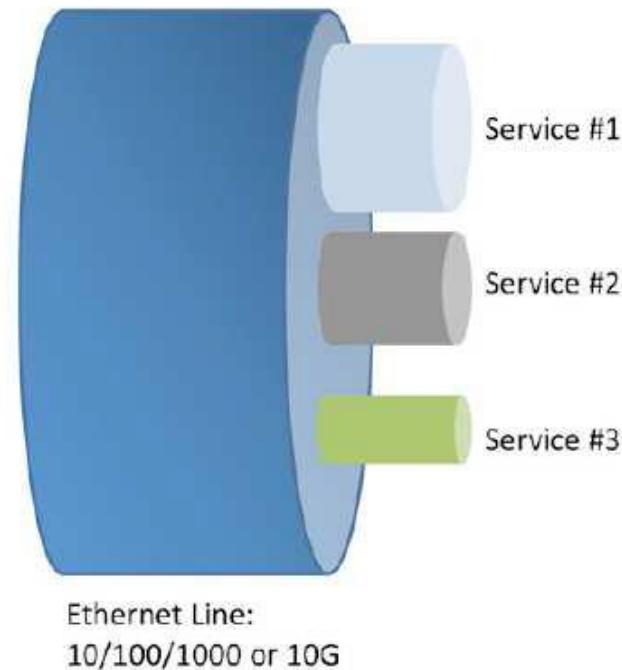
- ITU-T Y.1564 defines an out-of-service test methodology
  - Service Activation Test Methodology (SAM)
  - Users can assess the proper configuration and performance of an Ethernet service prior to customer delivery.
  - In particular, Y.1564 is aimed at addressing and solving the deficiencies of RFC 2544
- Benefits to the User
  - Total test time is drastically reduced - Services are being tested over a longer duration simultaneously, and all the SLA parameters are also measured simultaneously.
  - Results reporting - clear and simple “Pass/Fail” indication in Green/Red. This is for each test, each service, with a global indication.

# Y.1564 versus RFC2544

	RFC2544	Y.1564
Key Test Objective	Device performance	Network Service verification/activation
Service validation	One service at a time	Multiple services simultaneously
Throughput	Yes	Yes
Latency	Yes	Yes
Frame Loss	Yes	Yes
Burstability	Yes	Yes
Packet Jitter	No	Yes
Multiple Streams	No	Yes
Test Duration	Long (serialized test procedure)	Short ( simultaneous test/service)
Test Result	Link performance limit	Related to SLA, fast, simple, Pass/Fail

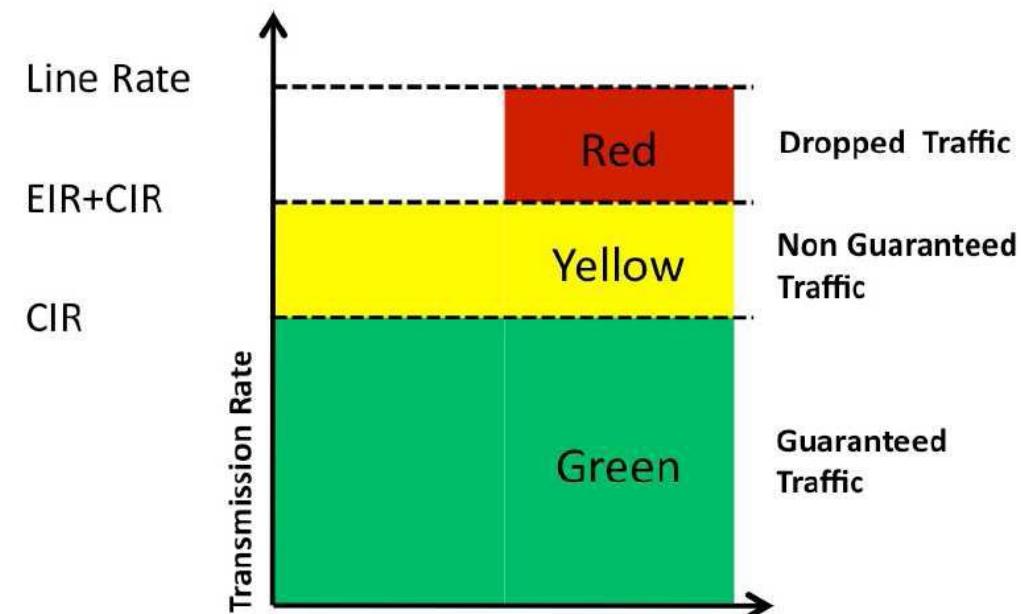
## Y.1564 SAM

- Na rozdíl od RFC 2544, SAM navržen pro testování služby než linky
- Různé rychlosti Ethernetu → EVC (Ethernet Virtual Connection)
- Bandwidth + SLA parametry → Service Acceptance Criteria (SAC)
- Frame Delay Variation (packet) jitter (real time hlas a video)
- RFC 2544 test jeden po jednom
- SAM testování všech služeb současně



Kolik dat může zákazník přenášet + priority

- CIR - Committed Information Rate  
= Garantovaná max. rychlosť bez zahazování + QoS
- EIR – Excess Information Rate  
= Max rychlosť nad CIR – best effort – přetížení sítě → zahrozeno
- Red zone – nad CIR+EIR → Zahrozeno



# General Test Setup

Select # of Services  
Up to 8 on 1GE interface  
Up to 10 on 10GE interface

Committed Information Rate Test setup

Service Configuration and Performance Tests can be enabled independently

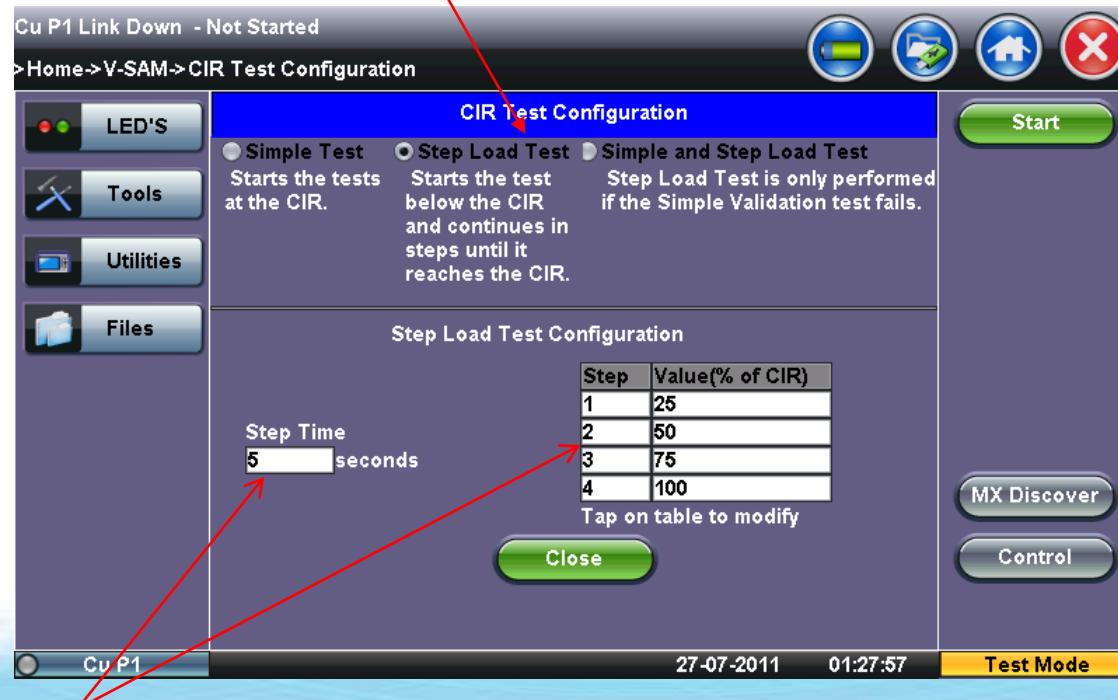
Summary table of Service configuration

Loopback control And OAM loopback control

Service Configuration Test Duration: If Simple is selected, user can configure the value in seconds.  
Service Performance Test Duration: Selections are 15min, 30 min, 1hr, 2hr, 24hr, or user defined

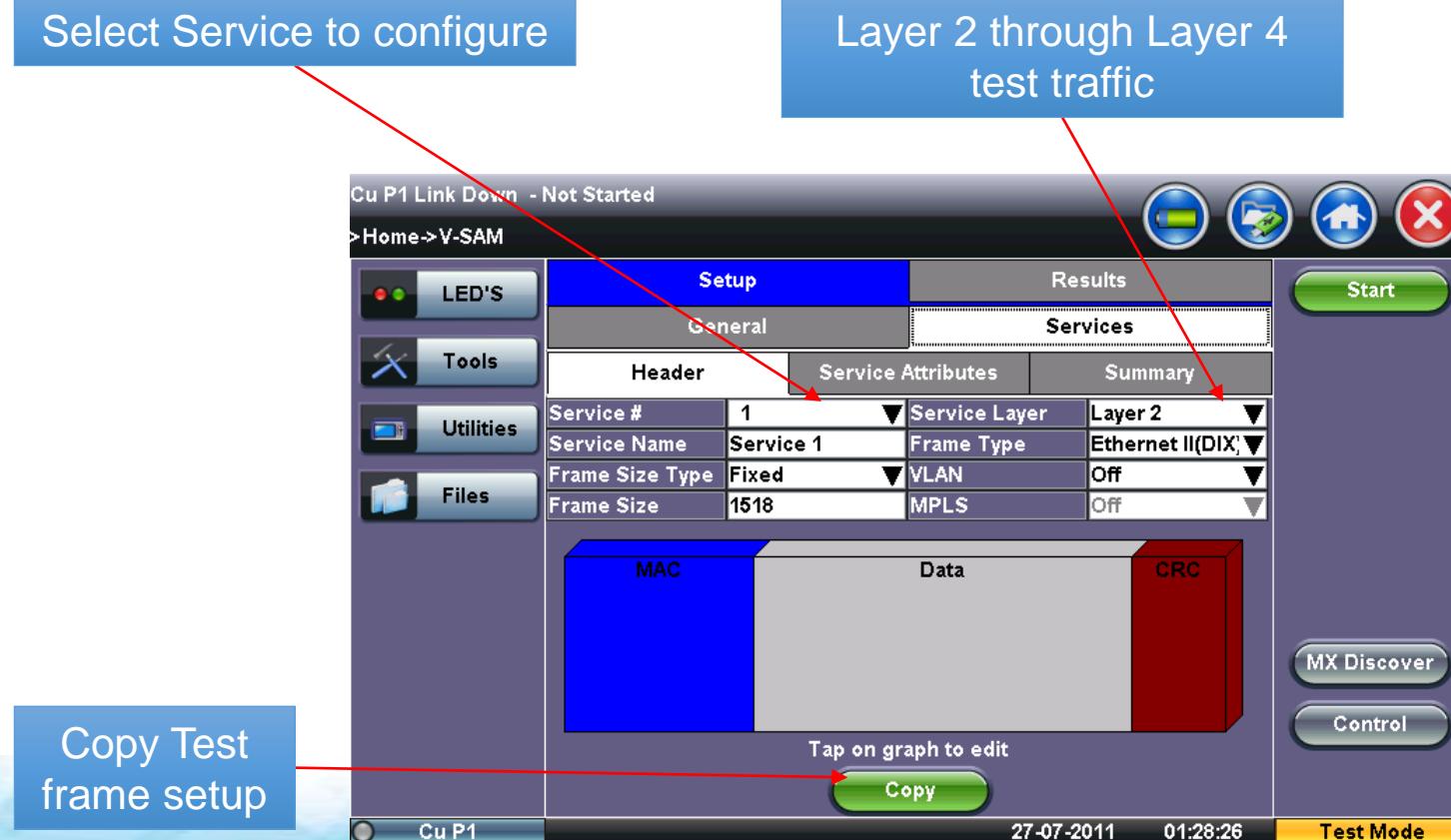
# CIR Test Setup

Select CIR Test type and duration



# of Steps: Default number of steps is 4  
Step Time: Default is 5 seconds.

# Test Frame Header Setup



# Copying Service Profiles

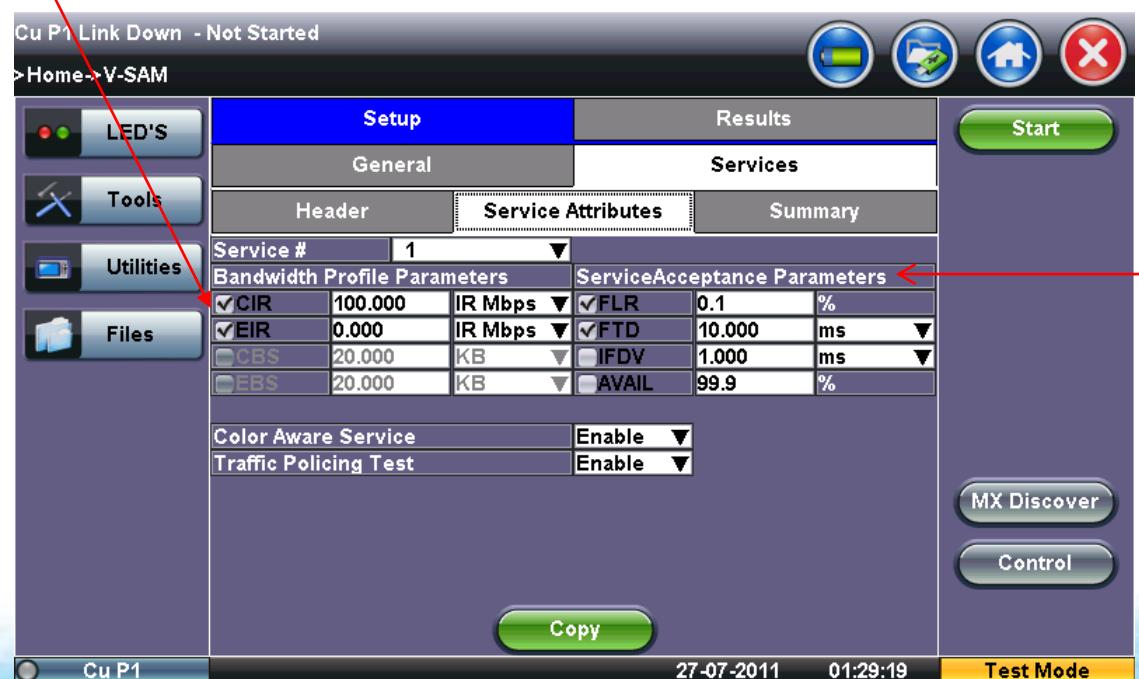
Frame configuration can be copied between services



# Service Attributes Setup

CIR, EIR, and Traffic Policing testing can be enabled independently.  
(EBS/CBS future)

Service Acceptance Thresholds can be configured and enabled independently



**Note:**

- CBS: Max # of frames able to be sent (bytes) with a min IFG (Inter Frame Gap) at the interface line rate above the CIR.  
EBS: Max # of frames able to be sent (bytes) with a min IFG at the interface line rate above the EIR.

# Configuration/Setup Summary

Table summarizing frame configuration for all services

The screenshot shows the V-SAM software interface with the title "Cu P1 Link Down - Not Started". The main window has a navigation bar with "Home" and "V-SAM". On the left is a vertical toolbar with "LED'S", "Tools", "Utilities", and "Files". The central area contains a table titled "Setup" with tabs for "General" and "Services". The "Services" tab is selected, showing a "Summary" sub-tab. The table has columns for "Service#", "MAC Source", and "MAC Dest.". The data rows show MAC addresses for services 1 through 8. A red arrow points from the text "Table summarizing frame configuration for all services" to the "Summary" tab of the table. The bottom of the screen shows the date and time "27-07-2011 01:29:39" and a "Test Mode" indicator.

Service#	MAC Source		MAC Dest.
	Header	Service Attributes	
	Summary		
1	00-18-63-00-0C-40		00-1E-90-A0-57-3C
2	00-18-63-00-0C-40		00-1E-90-A0-57-3C
3	00-18-63-00-0C-40		00-1E-90-A0-57-3C
4	00-18-63-00-0C-40		00-1E-90-A0-57-3C
5	00-18-63-00-0C-40		00-1E-90-A0-57-3C
6	00-18-63-00-0C-40		00-1E-90-A0-57-3C
7	00-18-63-00-0C-40		00-1E-90-A0-57-3C
8	00-18-63-00-0C-40		00-1E-90-A0-57-3C

## V-Perf (RFC 6349 Stateful TCP)

- Zákazník si stěžuje na rychlosť stahování souborů / funkčnosť služieb (http, ftp)
- Poskytovateľ provedl testy L2 / L3 testy pro mērení propustnosti (RFC 2544, Y.1564) služieb a potrebuje nástroj pre dôkaz výkonu TCP
- TCP môže byť ovlivnené:
  - SW
  - HW
  - nastavením (TCP window size), iné aplikacie na stejném serveru, špatne nastavený buffer, kvôli aplikaci traffic - policing zahazuje pakety → degradácia

## Měření propustnosti TCP

LEDs	Setup	Status	Ping	Trace Route
	Web/FTP	ARPWiz	VoIP	TCP
Tools	Setup		Results	
Utilities	Profile	Default ▼		
Files	TCP Mode	Server ▼		
	IP Local	192.168.0.1		
	TCP Port	13873		
	Window Size (bytes)	2048		
	Window Scaling	ON		
	Test Time (secs)	60		

Disconnect      Start

Cu P1      2014-11-07 10:27:02      Test Mode

LEDs	Setup	Status	Ping	Trace Route
	Web/FTP	ARPWiz	VoIP	TCP
Tools	Setup		Results	
Utilities	Profile	Default ▼		
Files	TCP Mode	Client ▼		
	IP Destination	192.168.0.101		
	TCP Port	13873		
	Window Size (bytes)	2048		
	Window Scaling	ON		
	Test Time (secs)	60		

Disconnect      Start

Cu P1      2014-11-07 10:28:06      Test Mode

# Měření propustnosti FTP a HTTP

Cu P1 Link UP 100T F -- 10.0.0.5

>Home->IP(Cu P1)

	Setup	Status	Ping	Trace Route		
	LEDs					
	Tools	Web/FTP	ARPWiz	VoIP	TCP	
	Utilities	Setup		Result		
	Files	Mode	FTP			
		FTP Mode	Download			
		Profile	ftp_hke_eu			
		Transfer Mode	Passive and Active			
		Address	ftp.hke.eu			
		File/Path	/test1.pdf			
		User Name	ftp_client.hke_eu	Password		

Cu P1      2014-11-06 17:49:08      Test Mode

Cu P1 Link UP 1000T F -- 192.168.1.101

>Home->IP(Cu P1)

	Setup	Status	Ping	Trace Route		
	LEDs					
	Tools	Web/FTP	ARPWiz	VoIP	TCP	
	Utilities	Setup				
	Files	Mode	Web			
		Web Mode	Browser			
		Profile	Default			
		Address	http://www.hke.cz			
		JavaScript	Off			
		Proxy Server	Off			

Cu P1      2014-11-06 17:33:14      Test Mode